THINK TANK 2

Exploring the convergence of science and traditional knowledge in aqua- and agriculture for sustainable, healthy living in the 21st century



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- 1. Priority areas (including proposed joint initiatives)
 - a) Aquaculture
 - b) Climate resilient agricultural practices and Linking island microclimate (water and soil management)
 - c) Tenure, Intellectual Property Rights, Convergence of traditional knowledge and western science (cross-cutting)
 - d) Context-responsive policies (cross-cutting)
- 2. Policy recommendations





a) Aquaculture

- Important elements: R&D; capacity building; community & industrial partnerships to effectively drive aquaculture development in the Pacific
- Drivers to innovation: Chinese market, dwindling of fish stocks, population growth
- Barriers to innovation: little opportunity to ownership, low level of education, communication (remoteness)
- New niches of innovation: key species development, aquaculture planning- holistic approach
- Proposed joint activity: Research Centre for Pacific Aquaculture







b) Climate resilient agricultural practices and Linking island microclimate (water and soil management)

- Important issues: too many projects, limited availability of proof on impacts, limited knowledge on potential of local crop species
- Drivers to innovation: biotechnology (focus on plant genetic modification), confidence in traditional knowledge of land management practices
- Barriers to innovation: Plant genetic modification- public mistrust, poor financial support
- New niches of innovation: e.g. intra-regional transport systems for locally produced food
- Proposed joint activity: Decision support tool for crop management







c) Tenure, Intellectual Property Rights, Convergence of traditional knowledge and western science

- Proposed joint activity: Native organic food security
- Important elements:
 - a) Networking project driven from Maori and Pacific communities
 - b) Building collective understanding of organic agriculture
 - c) Learning from history of organic farming; social movement in the EU to build sustainable organic Pacific food security
 - d) Support Pacific capacity building through PhD's and Post-docs
 - e) Identify crops and species for organic farming
 - f) Build sustainable organic markets between EU and Pacific







d) Context- responsive policies

- Proposed joint activity: research indicators for measurement of success/impact
- Important elements:
 - a) Need to re-discuss ongoing research on indicators
 - b) Context-specific
 - c) Sensitive to traditional knowledge
 - d) To improve accountability and effectiveness for food security interventions





2. Policy recommendations

1. An enabling policy environment

 Dialogue between scientists and community integrating environmental/societal changes and cultural practices

2. Convergence of traditional knowledge and (western) science/knowledge:

- a) incorporation and exchange of different knowledge systems; holistic unique-to-Pacific-countries approaches
- monitoring of adoption of western intellectual property laws in food security and traditional practices
- c) access and benefit sharing experiences







2. Policy recommendations

3. Food and nutrition security:

- a) Reliance on imported food as a consequence of declining agricultural production
- b) Loss of traditional dietary practices
- Need for crop improvement and aquaculture
- d) Decision support tools
- e) Developing indicators (quantitative/qualitative) to improve accountability and effectiveness
- 4. Genuine high-level commitment to EU-Pacific cooperation
- 5. Challenge of transcultural language







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Project partners





